

FREEDOM OF INFORMATION PEOPLE'S MANUAL

Revision No. 2, S.2022

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SECTION 1: OVERVIEW

- 1. RATIONALE: In compliance with Executive Order No. 2, s. 2016 by the President of the Republic of the Philippines "OPERATIONALIZING IN THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH THE PEOPLE'S CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT TO INFORMATION AND THE STATE POLICIES TO FULL PUBLIC DISCLOSURE AND TRANSPARENCY IN THE PUBLIC SERVICE AND PROVIDING GUIDELINES THEREFORE" (Annex "A"), the Angat Water District hereby adopts and publishes its Freedom of Information People's Manual.
- 2. PURPOSE OF THE MANUAL: The purpose of this Freedom of Information (FOI) Manual (Manual) is to provide the process by which the Angat Water District (AWD) shall deal with requests of information received under Executive Order No. 2, s. 2016 on FOI.
- **3. STRUCTURE OF THE MANUAL:** This Manual sets out the process on how the request for information can be released to the public. It also includes the rules and procedures to be followed, definition of terms, remedies, fees, and administrative liability. It also provides for the relevant forms and other annexes.
- **4. COVERAGE OF THE MANUAL:** The Manual shall cover all requests for information directed to the executive personnel, rank and file, and to AWD, per se.
- **5. FOI RECEIVING OFFICER:** For purpose of the Manual, there shall be the FOI Receiving Officer (FRO), who is situated in front of the AWD office or any person designated by the AWD seated in front of Public Assistance and Complaint Desk (PACD).

The FRO will assist the requesting party in filling out the request form and will forward the same to the Administrative and General Services Division, who in turn will evaluate the request if to whom it is to be addressed.

The FRO will conduct initial assessment whether the request will be forwarded to the Administrative and General Services Division for further evaluation or if it will be denied based on the following grounds:

- a. The request is incomplete.
- b. The request is already published and can be downloaded in AWD website, angatwaterdistrict.com, and data.gov.ph.
- c. The request is identical or substantially similar from the previous request, that has been denied or approved, by the same requesting party.
- **6. FOI DECISION MAKER:** There shall be FOI Decision Maker (FDM), who is the Division Manager of the Administrative and General Services Division, who will further evaluate the request.

Upon receiving the request from FRO, the FDM will recommend to the General Manager if the request will be granted or denied. Denial of the request will be based on the following grounds:

- a. If the request will hamper person's right to privacy or contains sensitive personal information.
- b. If AWD does not have the information requested.
- c. If FDM deems that the requesting party's identity is fictitious or otherwise not legitimate.
- d. If the request falls under Inventory of Exceptions to Executive Order No. 2. (Annex "B")
- **7. GENERAL MANAGER:** The approved request will only be released after the permission of the General Manager.

The General Manager (GM) can permit the FDM to release the said request if the request is complete and satisfies all the parameters stated in the EO No. 2.

The GM has the authority to hold the request and discuss the said matter to the board of directors if the request pertains to the key officials of the AWD.

Further, the GM has the authority to reverse the decision of FDM and seek for legal advice if he/she deems that the decision of FDM can jeopardize one's identity.

Furthermore, the GM can delegate the role of the FDM to other personnel whose rank will not be lower than the Division Manager, if the Division Manager of Administrative and General Services Division is on leave.

8. FOI APPEALS AND REVIEW COMMITTEE: There shall be FOI Appeals and Review Committee consisting of three (3) personnel fully designated by the GM to review, to recommend, and to provide expert advice to the FDM and GM whenever an appeal was made by the requesting party for the denial of his/her request.

SECTION 2: DEFINITION OF TERMS

- 1. INFORMATION shall mean any record, documents, papers, reports, letters, contracts, minutes and transcripts of official meetings, maps, books, photographs, data, research materials, films, sound and video recording, magnetic or other tapes, electronic data, computer stored data, any other like or similar data or materials recorded, stored or archived in whatever format, whether offline or online, which are made, received, or kept in or under the control and custody of any government office pursuant to law, executive order, and rules and regulations or in connection with the performance or transaction of official business by any government office.
- 2. OFFICIAL RECORDS shall refer to information produced or received by a public officer or employee or by a government office in an official capacity or pursuant to a public function or duty.

- **3. PUBLIC RECORDS** shall include information required by laws, executive orders, rules, or regulations to be entered, kept, and made publicly available by a government office.
- **4. PERSONAL INFORMATION** shall refer to any information, whether recorded in a material form or not, from which the identity of an individual is apparent or can be reasonably and directly ascertained by the entity holding the information, or when put together with other information would directly and certainly identify an individual.
- **5. SENSITIVE PERSONAL INFORMATION** shall be as defined in the Data Privacy Act of 2012 (Republic Act No. 10173), i.e., personal information:
 - (1.) About an individual's race, ethnic origin, marital status, age, color, and religious philosophical or political affiliations;
 - (2.) About an individual's health, education, genetic or sexual life of a person, or to any proceedings for any offense committed or alleged to have committed by such person, the disposal of such proceedings or the sentence of any court in such proceedings;
 - (3.) Issued by government agencies peculiar to an individual which includes, but not limited to, social security numbers, previous or current health records, licenses or its denials, suspension or revocation, and tax returns; and
 - (4.) Specifically established by an executive order or an act of Congress to be kept classified.
- **6. FICTITIOUS IDENTITY** shall be defined as using fake name or identity to hide one's true self. It also includes using fabricated names to obtain information for the purpose of fraud or theft.
- **7. data.gov.ph** shall refer to Open Data Philippines which is accessible, searchable and understandable to the public and allow user to find specific data from different government agencies through one single portal.
- **8. angatwaterdistrict.com** shall refer to AWD's website that contains the agency's mission and vision, organizational chart, history, awards, citizen's charter, financial statements, annual procurement plan, transparency seal, news and updates, and other key informations regarding the district.
- **9. GENERAL MANAGER** shall refer to the head of the agency, who have the full responsibility for the supervision and control of the maintenance and operations of the water district. He/she oversees all the district's functions and monitors all the reports given to him by the division managers.
- 10. PUBLIC ASSISTANCE AND COMPLAINT DESK shall refer to the frontline service located in front of agency's office. His/her function includes assisting the public in filling out forms, in answering queries, in following up complaints and service connections, and all other job that can improve the efficiency of delivering service by the government agencies to the public.

11. WORKING DAYS shall refer to any day other than a Saturday, Sunday, or a day which is declared a national public holiday.

SECTION 3. PROMOTION OF OPENNESS IN GOVERNMENT

- **1. DUTY FOR PUBLIC INFORMATION:** The AWD honors the right of the public to access information, official records, public records and documents on matters of public concern and accordingly commits itself to regularly update and disseminates key information in accessible forms and through its website, but subject to exceptions (Annex "B"), limitations provided by E.O. No. 2, and this Manual.
- **2. ACCESSIBILITY OF LANGUAGE AND FORMS:** The AWD shall strive to publish information in the most conducive ways to the public, i.e. translating the information to Filipino, giving out flyers, posting of tarpaulins and regular updating of website.
- **3. PROTECTION OF PRIVACY:** While providing access to information, public records, and official records, the AWD shall afford full protection to a person's right to privacy, as follows:
 - a. The AWD shall ensure that personal information, particularly sensitive personal information, in its custody or under its control is disclosed only as permitted by existing laws.
 - b. The AWD shall protect personal information in its custody or under its control by making reasonable security arrangements against unauthorized access, leaks or premature disclosure.
 - c. The FRO, FDM, or any employee or official who has access, whether authorized or unauthorized, to personal information in the custody of the AWD, shall not disclose that information except as authorized by existing laws.

SECTION 4. STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURES (Annex "C")

- **1. REQUEST FOR INFORMATION:** All request for information shall:
 - a. Be in writing and be accomplished using the prescribed request form; (Annex "D")
 - b. Provide the full name and contact information of the requesting party including a valid proof of his identity (i.e. government issued identification cards)
 - Or if through representation, a written letter of authorization coming from the requesting party including a copy of his/her two (2) valid IDs.

c. Reasonably describe the information requested, and the reason for, or purpose of, the request for information.

The request form shall be made available at the Angat Water District office or can be downloaded in the AWD website.

If the FRO determines that the request is not in compliant with the requirements, the FRO can return it to the requesting party immediately and provide reasonable assistance to enable the requesting party to comply with the request requirements.

2. MANNER OF MAKING REQUEST: A request of information shall be made by the requesting party by delivering it personally to the office of AWD, by postal service and/or thru electronic mail.

If the requesting party chooses to send it through email, scanned copies of the request form and valid IDs must be attached.

In case the requesting party is unable to make a written request because of illiteracy or disability, he/she can make an oral request and the FRO shall reduce it into writing. The requesting party shall sign or be requested of his/her thumb mark onto the form.

3. RECEIPT OF REQUEST: A complete request for information shall be signed and stamped received by the FRO, indicating the date and time of receipt, the name, rank, title and position of the public officer who actually received the request, furnishing the requesting party a copy thereof.

The FRO shall write a tracking number above the form to enable the requesting party to trace the status of his/her request.

In case of electronic mail, the FRO shall print the request and do the same procedure mentioned above, and shall confirm the receipt of the request.

- **3.1 REQUEST RELATES TO MORE THAN ONE DIVISION:** If the request requires information from more than one division, the FRO, through the instruction of the FDM, can forward the same to the concerned division/s and shall monitor its compliance in juxtapose with another division. The FRO shall instruct the concern divisions that only the specified information within their division will be attended to.
- **3.2 REQUESTED INFORMATION IS IDENTICAL OR SUBSTANTIALLY SIMILAR TO A PREVIOUS REQUEST:** The AWD shall not be required to act upon an unreasonable subsequent identical or substantially similar request from the same requesting party, whether it had been granted or denied. However, the requesting party should be notified the reason of such denial.
- **3.3 REQUESTED INFORMATION IS ALREADY POSTED OR PUBLISHED ON AWD WEBSITE:** Should the information is readily available on AWD website, angatwaterdistrict.com, the FRO shall inform the requesting party and provide the link where the information can be obtained.

- **3.4 REQUESTED INFORMATION IS NOT IN THE CUSTODY OF AWD:** If the FDM determines that the requested information is not in the custody of the AWD or any of its offices, the FRO shall notify the requesting party and transfer to the concerned government agency accordingly.
- **3.5 PROCESS OF REFERRAL** When the requested information is not in the possession of AWD (GA1), but is available in another government agency (government agency no. 2 or GA2) under the Executive Branch, the request shall be immediately referred by BWD (GA1) to GA2 through the most expeditious manner but not exceeding three (3) working days from the receipt of the request. This shall be considered as the "First Referral" and a fresh period will apply.

Referral to the appropriate government agency shall mean that another government office is the proper repository or custodian of the requested information or records, or have control over the said information or records.

If AWD (GA1) fails to refer the request within three (3) working days upon its receipt, the FRO shall act on it within the remaining period to respond pursuant to EO No. 02, s. 2016. No fresh period shall apply.

If AWD (GA1), in good faith, erroneously referred the request to GA2, the latter shall immediately notify the former as well as the requesting party, that the information requested is not available in their agency.

GA2, to whom the request was referred under the First Referral, may subsequently refer the request to another government agency (government agency no. 3 or GA3) under the procedure set forth in the first paragraph of this Section. This shall be considered as the "Second Referral" and another fresh period shall apply

Referrals under this Order shall only be limited to two (2) subsequent transfers of request. A written or email acknowledgement of the referral shall be made by the FRO of the government agency where it was referred.

The requesting party shall be notified of the referral and must be provided with the reason or rationale thereof, and contact details of the government office where the request was referred.

4. PERIOD TO RESPOND:

4.1 The AWD shall respond to the requesting party within fifteen (15) working days from the date of receipt of the request.

In case of request through email, the period of counting will start on the day an acknowledgement was sent by the FRO.

4.2 The period may be extended whenever the information requested requires extensive search of the AWD's records facilities, examination of voluminous records, the occurrence of fortuitous cases or other analogous cases. The FRO shall notify the requesting party of the reason for such extension.

In no case shall the extension go beyond twenty (20) working days, unless exceptional circumstances warrant a longer period.

5. ACTION BY FDM: The FRO shall forward the request of information to the FDM and record the date and time it was forwarded.

Upon receipt of the request of information from the FRO, the FDM shall assess and evaluate the request and make all necessary actions to retrieve and to gather all the information needed by the requesting party. He/ She will then recommend to the GM to approve the release of the information requested.

If the FDM will warrant a clarification on the information requested, he/she through the FRO can seek clarification to the requesting party. The clarification may halt the counting period of fifteen (15) working days and will resume once the required clarification was submitted by the requesting party.

- **5.1. APPROVAL OF REQUEST:** In case of approval of the request by the FDM, and with the permission of the GM to release the said information, the FRO shall collate and ensure that the requested information is complete and free of any possible mistake/s, he/she shall then notify the requesting party and direct to receive the requested information at the AWD office at the designated time, and pay any applicable fee/s.
- **5.2 DENIAL OF REQUEST:** Requests for information shall not be denied or refused unless it falls under the exception of Inventory of Exceptions and this Manual, it is contrary to laws, rules or regulations, it is not valid, it is substantially identical to the previous request, and it pertains to other government agencies, which the FRO should notify the requesting party and the reason for denial hereof.

SECTION 5: REMEDY IN CASE OF DENIAL

In case of denial of request of information, the requesting party may appeal to the FOI Appeals and Review Committee within fifteen (15) working days from receipt of notice of denial. The appeal shall be in writing, citing the ground for the appeal, signed by the requesting party, with copies of the request of information and notice of denial attached.

The appeal shall be decided by the GM, upon the recommendation of FOI Appeals and Review Committee, within thirty (30) working days from the filing of said written appeal, unless

circumstances warrant a longer period. In no case shall the extension exceed twenty (20) working days.

Upon exhaustion of administrative appeal remedies, the requesting party may file the appropriate case in the proper courts in accordance with the Rules of Court.

SECTION 6: FEES

The AWD shall not charge any fee for accepting requests for information.

SECTION 7: ADMINISTRATIVE LIABILITY

- **1. NON COMPLIANCE WITH FOI:** Failure to comply with the provisions of this Manual shall be ground for the following administrative penalties:
 - a. 1st Offense Reprimand
 - b. 2nd Offense Suspension of one day to thirty days
 - c. 3rd Offense Suspension of one month to six months
 - d. 4th Offense Dismissal from the service



MALACAÑAN PALACE MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 02

OPERATIONALIZING IN THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH THE PEOPLE'S CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT TO INFORMATION AND THE STATE POLICIES OF FULL PUBLIC DISCLOSURE AND TRANSPARENCY IN THE PUBLIC SERVICE AND PROVIDING GUIDELINES THEREFOR

WHEREAS, pursuant to Section 28, Article II of the 1987 Constitution, the State adopts and implements a policy of full public disclosure of all its transactions involving public interest, subject to reasonable conditions prescribed by law;

WHEREAS, Section 7, Article III of the Constitution guarantees the right of the people to information on matters of public concern;

WHEREAS, the incorporation of this right in the Constitution is a recognition of the fundamental role of free and open exchange of information in a democracy, meant to enhance transparency and accountability in government official acts, transactions, or decisions;

WHEREAS, the Executive Branch recognizes the urgent need to operationalize these Constitutional provisions;

WHEREAS, the President, under Section 17, Article VII of the Constitution, has control over all executive departments, bureaus and offices, and the duty to ensure that the laws be faithfully executed;

WHEREAS, the Data Privacy Act of 2012 (R.A. 10173), including its Implementing Rules and Regulations, strengthens the fundamental human right of privacy and of communication while ensuring the free flow of information to promote innovation and growth;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, RODRIGO ROA DUTERTE, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by the Constitution and existing laws, do hereby order:

THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

SECTION 1. Definition. For the purpose of this Executive Order, the following terms shall mean:

- (a) "Information" shall mean any records, documents, papers, reports, letters, contracts, minutes and transcripts of official meetings, maps, books, photographs, data, research materials, films, sound and video recordings, magnetic or other tapes, electronic data, computer-stored data, or any other like or similar data or materials recorded, stored or archived in whatever format, whether offline or online, which are made, received, or kept in or under the control and custody of any government office pursuant to law, executive order, and rules and regulations or in connection with the performance or transaction of official business by any government office.
- (b) "Official record/records" shall refer to information produced or received by a public officer or employee, or by a government office in an official capacity or pursuant to a public function or duty.
- (c) "Public record/records" shall include information required by laws, executive orders, rules, or regulations to be entered, kept and made publicly available by a government office.

SECTION 2. Coverage. This order shall cover all government offices under the Executive Branch, including but not limited to the national government and all its offices, departments, bureaus, and instrumentalities, including government-owned or -controlled corporations, and state universities and colleges. Local government units (LGUs) are enjoined to observe and be guided by this Order.

SECTION 3. Access to Information. Every Filipino shall have access to information, official records, public records, and documents and papers pertaining to official acts, transactions or decisions, as well as to government research data used as basis for policy development.

SECTION 4. Exception. Access to information shall be denied when the information falls under any of the exceptions enshrined in the Constitution, existing laws or jurisprudence.

The Department of Justice and the Office of the Solicitor General are hereby directed to prepare an inventory of such exceptions and submit the same to the Office of the President within thirty (30) calendar days from the date of effectivity of this Order.

The Office of the President shall thereafter immediately circularize the inventory of exceptions for the guidance of all government offices and instrumentalities covered by this Order and the general public.

Said inventory of exceptions shall periodically be updated to properly reflect any change in existing law and jurisprudence and the Department of Justice and the Office of the Solicitor General are directed to update the inventory of exceptions as

the need to do so arises, for circularization as hereinabove stated.

SECTION 5. Availability of SALN. Subject to the provisions contained in Sections 3 and 4 of this Order, all public officials are reminded of their obligation to file and make available for scrutiny their Statements of Assets, Liabilities and Net Worth (SALN) in accordance with existing laws, rules and regulations, and the spirit and letter of this Order.

SECTION 6. Application and Interpretation. There shall be a legal presumption in favor of access to information, public records and official records. No request for information shall be denied unless it clearly falls under any of the exceptions listed in the inventory or updated inventory of exceptions circularized by the Office of the President as provided in Section 4 hereof.

The determination of the applicability of any of the exceptions to the request shall be the responsibility of the Head of the Office which has custody or control of the information, public record or official record, or of the responsible central or field officer duly designated by him in writing.

In making such determination, the Head of the Office or his designated officer shall exercise reasonable diligence to ensure that no exception shall be used or availed of to deny any request for information or access to public records or official records if the denial is intended primarily and purposely to cover up a crime, wrongdoing, graft or corruption.

SECTION 7. Protection of Privacy. While providing access to information, public records, and official records, responsible officials shall afford full protection to an individual's right to privacy as follows:

- (a) Each government office per Section 2 hereof shall ensure that personal information in its custody or under its control is disclosed or released only if it is material or relevant to the subject matter of the request and its disclosure is permissible under this Order or existing laws, rules or regulations;
- (b) Each government office must protect personal information in its custody or control by making reasonable security arrangements against leaks or premature disclosure of personal information which unduly exposes the individual whose personal information is requested to vilification, harassment, or any other wrongful acts; and
- (c) Any employee or official of a government office per Section 2 hereof who has access, authorized or unauthorized, to personal information in the custody of the office must not disclose that information except when authorized under this, Order or pursuant to existing laws, rules or regulations.

SECTION 8. People's Freedom of Information (FOI) Manual. For the effective implementation of this Order, every government office is directed to prepare within one hundred twenty (120) calendar days from the effectivity of this Order, its

own People's FOI Manual, which shall include, among others, the following information:

The location and contact information of the head, regional, provincial, (a) and field offices, and other established places where the public can submit requests to obtain information;

The person or officer responsible for receiving requests for information; (b)

- The procedure for the filing and processing of the request, as provided (c) in the succeeding Section 9 of this Order;
- The standard forms for the submission of requests and for the proper (d) acknowledgment of such requests;

The process for the disposition of requests; (e)

- (f) The procedure for administrative appeal of any denial of request for access to information; and
- (g) The schedule of applicable fees.

SECTION 9. Procedure. The following procedure shall govern the filing and processing of requests for access to information:

- Any person who requests access to information shall submit a written request to the government office concerned. The request shall state the name and contact information of the requesting party, provide valid proof of his identification or authorization, reasonably describe the information requested, and the reason for, or purpose of, the request for information: Provided, that no request shall be denied or refused acceptance unless the reason for the request is contrary to law, existing rules and regulations, or it is one of the exceptions contained in the inventory of exceptions as hereinabove provided.
- The public official receiving the request shall provide reasonable (b) assistance, free of charge, to enable all requesting parties, particularly those with special needs, to comply with the request requirements under this Section.
- The request shall be stamped by the government office, indicating the (C) date and time of receipt and the name, rank, title or position of the receiving public officer or employee with the corresponding signature, and a copy thereof furnished to the requesting party. Each government office shall establish a system to trace the status of all requests for information received by it.
- The government office shall respond to a request fully compliant with (d) the requirements of sub-section (a) hereof as soon as practicable but not exceeding fifteen (15) working days from the receipt thereof. The response mentioned above refers to the decision of the office concerned to grant or deny access to the information requested.
- The period to respond may be extended whenever the information (e) requested requires extensive search of the government office's records facilities, examination of voluminous records, the occurrence of fortuitous events or other analogous cases. The government office shall

notify the person making the request of such extension, setting forth the reasons for the extension. In no case shall the extension go beyond twenty (20) working days counted from the end of the original period, unless exceptional circumstances warrant a longer period.

(f) Once a decision is made to grant the request, the person making the request shall be notified of such decision and directed to pay any applicable fees.

SECTION 10. Fees. Government offices shall not charge any fee for accepting requests for access to information. They may, however, charge a reasonable fee to reimburse necessary costs, including actual costs of reproduction and copying of the information requested, subject to existing rules and regulations. In no case shall the applicable fees be so onerous as to defeat the purpose of this Order.

SECTION 11. Identical or Substantially Similar Requests. The government office shall not be required to act upon an unreasonable subsequent identical or substantially similar request from the same requesting party whose request has already been previously granted or denied by the same government office.

SECTION 12. Notice of Denial. If the government office decides to deny the request wholly or partially, it shall, as soon as practicable and within fifteen (15) working days from the receipt of the request, notify the requesting party of the denial in writing. The notice shall clearly set forth the ground or grounds for denial and the circumstances on which the denial is based. Failure to notify the requesting party of the action taken on the request within the period herein provided shall be deemed a denial of the request for access to information.

SECTION 13. Remedies in Case of Denial of Request for Access to Information. A person whose request for access to information has been denied may avail himself of the remedies set forth below:

- (a) Denial of any request for access to information may be appealed to the person or office next higher in authority, following the procedure mentioned in Section 8 (f) of this Order: Provided, that the written appeal must be filed by the same person making the request within fifteen (15) calendar days from the notice of denial or from the lapse of the relevant period to respond to the request.
- (b) The appeal shall be decided by the person or office next higher in authority within thirty (30) working days from the filing of said written appeal. Failure of such person or office to decide within the afore-stated period shall be deemed a denial of the appeal.
- (c) Upon exhaustion of administrative appeal remedies, the requesting party may file the appropriate judicial action in accordance with the Rules of Court.

SECTION 14. Keeping of Records. Subject to existing laws, rules, and regulations, government offices shall create and/or maintain accurate and reasonably complete records of important information in appropriate formats, and implement a

records management system that facilitates easy identification, retrieval and communication of information to the public.

SECTION 15. Administrative Liability. Failure to comply with the provisions of this Order may be a ground for administrative and disciplinary sanctions against any erring public officer or employee as provided under existing laws or regulations.

SECTION 16. Implementing Details. All government offices in the Executive Branch are directed to formulate their respective implementing details taking into consideration their mandates and the nature of information in their custody or control, within one hundred twenty (120) days from the effectivity of this Order.

SECTION 17. Separability Clause. If any section or part of this Order is held unconstitutional or invalid, the other sections or provisions not otherwise affected shall remain in full force and effect.

SECTION 18. Repealing Clause. All orders, rules and regulations, issuances or any part thereof inconsistent with the provisions of this Executive Order are hereby repealed, amended or modified accordingly: *Provided*, that the provisions of Memorandum Circular No. 78 (s. 1964), as amended, shall not be deemed repealed pending further review.

SECTION 19. Effectivity. This Order shall take effect immediately upon publication in a newspaper of general circulation.

Done, in the City of Manila, this 23rd day of the year of our Lord Two Thousand and Sixteen.

July

in

By the President:

SALVADOR C. MEDIALDEA Executive Secretary

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES
PRIND 2016 - 000156

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ANNEX B

Office of the President of the Philippines Malacañang

MEMORANDUM FROM THE EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

TO:

All Heads of Departments, Bureaus and Agencies of the National/Local Governments Including Government-Owned and Controlled Corporations (GOCCs), Government Financial

Institutions (GFIs), and All Others Concerned

SUBJECT:

INVENTORY OF EXCEPTIONS TO EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 2

(S. 2016)

DATE:

24 November 2016

Pursuant to Section 4 of Executive Order (EO) No. 2 (s. 2016), the Office of the President hereby circularizes the inventory of exceptions to the right to access of information, for the guidance of all government offices and instrumentalities covered by EO No. 2 (s. 2016) and the general public.

The foregoing list of exceptions shall be without prejudice to existing laws, jurisprudence, rules or regulations authorizing the disclosure of the excepted information upon satisfaction of certain conditions in certain cases, such as the consent of the concerned party or as may be ordered by the courts.

In evaluating requests for information, all heads of offices are enjoined to ensure the meaningful exercise of the public of their right to access to information on public concerns.

For your information and guidance.

ADOR C. MEDIALDE

Exceptions to Right of Access to Information

For the guidance of all government offices and instrumentalities covered by EO No. 2 (s. 2016) and the general public, the following are the exceptions to the right of access to information, as recognized by the Constitution, existing laws, or jurisprudence:¹

1. Information covered by Executive privilege:

...

- 2. Privileged information relating to national security, defense or international relations;
- 3. Information concerning law enforcement and protection of public and personal safety;
- 4. Information deemed confidential for the protection of the privacy of persons and certain individuals such as minors, victims of crimes, or the accused:
- 5. Information, documents or records known by reason of official capacity and are deemed as confidential, including those submitted or disclosed by entities to government agencies, tribunals, boards, or officers, in relation to the performance of their functions, or to inquiries or investigation conducted by them in the exercise of their administrative, regulatory or quasi-judicial powers;
- 6. Prejudicial premature disclosure;
- Records of proceedings or information from proceedings which, pursuant to law or relevant rules and regulations, are treated as confidential or privileged;
- 8. Matters considered confidential under banking and finance laws, and their amendatory laws; and
- 9. Other exceptions to the right to information under laws, jurisprudence, rules and regulations.

¹ These exceptions only apply to governmental bodies within the control and supervision of the Executive department. Unless specifically identified, these exceptions may be invoked by all officials, officers, or employees in the Executive branch in possession of the relevant records or information.

For the implementation of the exceptions to the right of access to information, the following provide the salient details and legal bases that define the extent and application of the exceptions.

- Information covered by Executive privilege:
 - a. Presidential conversations, correspondences, and discussions in closeddoor Cabinet meetings;² and
 - Matters covered by deliberative process privilege, namely:
 - i. advisory opinions, recommendations and deliberations comprising part of a process by which governmental decisions and policies are formulated; intra-agency or inter-agency recommendations or communications during the stage when common assertions are still in the process of being formulated or are in the exploratory stage; or information pertaining to the decision-making of executive officials;³ and
 - ii. information, record or document comprising drafts of decisions, orders, rulings, policy decisions, memoranda, etc.;⁴
- Privileged information relating to national security, defense or international relations:
 - Information, record, or document that must be kept secret in the interest of national defense or security;⁵
 - Diplomatic negotiations and other information required to be kept secret in the conduct of foreign affairs;⁶ and

² This exception may only be invoked by the President and his close advisors. The extent of the privilege is defined by applicable jurisprudence: Senate v. Ermita, G.R. No. 169777, 20 April 2006, 488 SCRA 1; Neri v. Senate Committee on Accountability of Public Officers and Investigations, G.R. No. 180643, 4 September 2008, 564 SCRA 152; Akbayan v. Aquino, G.R. No. 170516, 16 July 2008, 558 SCRA 468; and Chavez v. PCGG, G.R. No. 130716, 9 December 1998, 299 SCRA 744.

³ Akbayan v. Aquino, supra; Chavez v. NHA, G.R. No. 164527, 15 August 2007; and Chavez v. PCGG, supra. The privilege of invoking this exception ends when the executive agency adopts a definite proposition (Department of Foreign Affairs v. BCA International Corp., G.R. No. 210858, 20 July 2016).

⁴ Section 3(d) Rule IV, Rules Implementing the Code of Conduct and Ethical Standards for Public Officials and Employees (Rules on CCESPOE). Drafts of decisions, orders, rulings, policy decisions, memoranda, and the like, such as resolutions prepared by the investigating prosecutor prior to approval for promulgation and release to parties [Revised Manual for Prosecutors of the Department of Justice (DOJ)] are also covered under this category of exceptions.

⁵ Almonte v. Vasquez, G.R. No. 95367, 23 May 1995, 244 SCRA 286; Chavez v. PCGG, supra; Legaspi v. Civil Service Commission, L-72119, 29 May 1987, 150 SCRA 530; Chavez v. NHA, supra; Neri v. Senate, supra; Chavez v. Public Estates Authority, G.R. No. 133250, 9 July 2002, 384 SCRA 152; and Section 3(a), Rule IV, Rules on CCESPOE. This exception generally includes matters classified under Memorandum Circular (MC) No. 78, as amended by MC No. 196 as "Top Secret," "Secret," "Confidential," and "Restricted."

⁶ Akbayan v. Aquino, supra; Section 3(a) Rule IV, Rules on CCESPOE. This privilege may be invoked by the Department of Foreign Affairs and other government bodies involved in diplomatic negotiations.

 a. Information of a personal nature where disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy,¹³ personal information or records,¹⁴ including sensitive personal information, birth records,¹⁵ school records,¹⁶ or medical or health records;¹⁷

Sensitive personal information as defined under the Data Privacy Act of 2012 refers to personal information: 18

- about an individual's race, ethnic origin, marital status, age, color, and religious, philosophical or political affiliations;
- (2) about an individual's health, education, genetic or sexual life of a person, or to any proceeding for any offense committed or alleged to have been committed by such person, the disposal of such proceedings, or the sentence of any court in such proceedings;
- (3) issued by government agencies peculiar to an individual which includes, but not limited to, social security numbers, previous or current health records, licenses or its denials, suspension or revocation, and tax returns; and
- (4) specifically established by an executive order or an act of Congress to be kept classified.

However, personal information may be disclosed to the extent that the requested information is shown to be a matter of public concern or interest, shall not meddle with or disturb the private life or family relations of the individual¹⁹ and is not prohibited by any law or regulation. Any disclosure of personal information shall be in accordance with the principles of transparency, legitimate purpose and proportionality.²⁰

Disclosure of personal information about any individual who is or was an officer or employee of a government institution shall be allowed, provided that such information relates to the position or functions of the individual, including: (1) the fact that the individual is or was an officer or employee of

¹³ Section 3(e), Rule IV, Rules on CCESPOE.

¹⁴ Sections 8 and 15, Data Privacy Act of 2012 (RA No. 10173); Personal information refers to any information whether recorded in a material form or not, from which the identity of an individual is apparent or can be reasonably and directly ascertained by the entity holding the information, or when put together with other information would directly and certainly identify an individual [Section 3(g), Data Privacy Act of 2012]; Article 26, Civil Code. May be invoked by National Privacy Commission and government personal information controllers.

¹⁵ Article 7, The Child and Youth Welfare Code [Presidential Decree (PD) No. 603].

¹⁶ Section 9(4), Education Act of 1982 [Batas Pambansa (BP) Blg. 232].

¹⁷ Medical and health records are considered as sensitive personal information pursuant to Section 3(I)(2), Data Privacy Act of 2012; See also Department of Health-Department of Science and Technology (DOST)-Philippine Health Insurance Corporation Joint Administrative Order No. 2016-0002 (Privacy Guidelines for the Implementation of the Philippine Health Information Exchange).

¹⁸ Section 3(I), Data Privacy Act of 2012.

¹⁹ Article 26(2), Civil Code.

²⁰ Section 11, Data Privacy Act of 2012.

the government institution; (2) the title, business address and office telephone number of the individual; (3) the classification, salary range and responsibilities of the position held by the individual; and (4) the name of the individual on a document prepared by the individual in the course of employment with the government;²¹

- Source of any news report or information appearing in newspapers, magazines or periodicals of general circulation obtained in confidence;²² and
- c. Records of proceedings and processes deemed confidential by law for the privacy and/or protection of certain individuals, such as children, victims of crime, witnesses to a crime or rehabilitated drug offenders, including those pertaining to the following:
 - records of child and family cases;²³
 - (2) children in conflict with the law from initial contact until final disposition of the case;²⁴
 - (3) a child who is a victim of any offense under the Anti-Child Pornography Act of 2009, including the name and personal circumstances of the child, or the child's immediate family, or any other information tending to establish the child's identity;²⁵
 - (4) a child witness, who is a victim of a crime, an accused of a crime, or a witness to a crime, including the name, address, telephone number, school, or other identifying information of a child or an immediate family of the child;²⁶
 - (5) cases involving violence against women and their children, including the name, address, telephone number, school, business, address, employer, or other identifying information of a victim or an immediate family member;²⁷
 - (6) trafficked persons, including their names and personal circumstances, or any other information tending to establish the identity of the trafficked person;²⁸
 - (7) names of victims of child abuse, exploitation or discrimination: 29

²¹ Section 4, Data Privacy Act of 2012.

²² An Act to Exempt the Publisher, Editor or Reporter of any Publication from Revealing the Source of Published News or Information Obtained in Confidence (RA No. 53), as amended by RA No. 1477, May be invoked by government newspapers.

²³ Section 12, Family Courts Act of 1997 (RA Act No. 8369).

²⁴ Section 43, Juvenile Justice and Welfare Act of 2006 (RA No. 9344).

²⁵ Section 13, Anti-Child Pornography Act of 2009 (RA No. 9775).

²⁶ Section 31, A.M. No. 00-4-07-SC, Re: Proposed Rule on Examination of a Child Witness.

²⁷ Section 44, Anti-Violence Against Women and their Children Act of 2004 (RA No. 9262); and People v. Cabalquinto, G.R. No. 167693, 19 September 2006.

²⁸ Section 7, Anti-Trafficking in Persons Act of 2003 (RA No. 9208), as amended by RA No. 10364.

²⁹ Section 29, Special Protection of Children Against Abuse, Exploitation and Discrimination Act (RA No. 7610).

- (8) disclosure which would result in undue and sensationalized publicity of any case involving a child in conflict with the law, child abuse, or violation of anti-trafficking of persons;³⁰
- (9) records, documents and communications of proceedings involving domestic and inter-country adoptions, including the identity of the child, natural parents and adoptive parents;³¹
- (10) names of students who committed acts of bullying or retaliation; 32
- (11) first time minor (drug) offenders under suspended sentence who comply with applicable rules and regulations of the Dangerous Drugs Board and who are subsequently discharged; judicial and medical records of drug dependents under the voluntary submission program; and records of a drug dependent who was rehabilitated and discharged from treatment and rehabilitation centers under the compulsory submission program, or who was charged for violation of Section 15 (use of dangerous drugs) of the Comprehensive Dangerous Drugs Act of 2002, as amended; and 33
- (12) identity, status and medical records of individuals with Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV), as well as results of HIV/Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS) testing:³⁴
- 5. Information, documents or records known by reason of official capacity and are deemed as confidential, including those submitted or disclosed by entities to government agencies, tribunals, boards, or officers, in relation to the performance of their functions, or to inquiries or investigation conducted by them in the exercise of their administrative, regulatory or quasi-judicial powers, such as but not limited to the following:
 - Trade secrets, intellectual property, business, commercial, financial and other proprietary information,³⁶

³⁰ Section 14, Juvenile Justice and Welfare Act of 2006; Section 7, Anti-Trafficking in Persons Act of 2003, as amended; and Section 29, Special Protection of Children Against Abuse, Exploitation and Discrimination Act.

³¹ Section 15, Domestic Adoption Act of 1998 (RA No. 8552) and Section 43, IRR of RA No. 8552; Sections 6 and 16(b), Inter-Country Adoption Act of 1995 (RA No. 8043) and Sections 53, 54 and 55 of IRR of RA No. 8043.

³² Section 3(h), Anti-Bullying Act (RA No. 10627).

³³ Sections 60, 64 and 67, Comprehensive Dangerous Drugs Act of 2002 (RA No. 9165).

³⁴ Sections 2(b), 18, 30, and 32, Philippine AIDS Prevention and Control Act of 1998 (RA No. 8504).

³⁵ Sections 45, 106.1, and 150.2, The Intellectual Property Code (RA No. 8293, as amended by RA No. 10372); Section 66.2, Securities Regulation Code (RA No. 8799); DOST Administrative Order No. 004-16; Section 142, The Corporation Code (BP Blg. 68); Section 34, Philippine Competition Act (RA No. 10667); Sections 23 and 27 (c), The New Central Bank Act (RA No. 7653); Anti-Money Laundering Act (RA No. 9160); Section 18, Strategic Trade Management Act (RA No. 10697); Sections 10 and 14, Safeguard Measures Act (RA No. 8800); Section 12, Toxic Substances and Hazardous and Nuclear Wastes Control Act of 1990 (RA No. 6969); Article 290, Revised Penal Code; Section 10.10, Rule 10, 2012 Revised IRR of Build-Operate-Transfer Law (RA No. 6957); and Revised Philippine Ports Authority Manual of Corporate Governance.

- Data furnished to statistical inquiries, surveys and censuses of the Philippine Statistics Authority (PSA);³⁶
- Records and reports submitted to the Social Security System by the employer or member;³⁷
- Information gathered from HIV/AIDS contact tracing and all other related health intelligence activities;³⁸
- e. Confidential information submitted to the Philippine Competition Commission prohibited from disclosure by law, including the identity of the person who provided the information under condition of anonymity;³⁹
- f. Applications and supporting documents filed pursuant to the Omnibus Investments Code of 1987;⁴⁰
- g. Documents submitted through the Government Electronic Procurement System;⁴¹
- Information obtained from accessing any electronic key, electronic data message, or electronic document, book, register, correspondence, information or other material pursuant to any powers conferred under the Electronic Commerce Act of 2000;⁴²
- Any confidential information supplied by the contractors in mineral agreements, and financial or technical assistance agreements pursuant to the *Philippine Mining Act of 1995* and its Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR), during the term of the project to which it relates;⁴³
- Information received by the Department of Tourism (DOT) in relation to the accreditation of accommodation establishments (such as hotels and resorts) and travel and tour agencies;⁴⁴

³⁶ Section 26, Philippine Statistical Act of 2013 (RA No. 10625); and Section 4, Commonwealth Act No. 591. May be invoked only by the PSA.

³⁷ Section 24(c), Social Security Act of 1997 (RA No. 1161, as amended by RA No. 8282).

³⁸ Section 29, Philippine AIDS Prevention and Control Act of 1998 (RA No. 8504).

³⁹ Section 34, Philippine Competition Act (PCA), RA No. 10667 and Section 13, Rule 4 of the IRR of PCA. This exception can be invoked by the Philippine Competition Commission subject to welldefined limitations under the PCA.

⁴⁰ Section 81, EO No. 226 (s. 1987), as amended.

⁴¹ Section 9, Government Procurement Reform Act (RA No. 9184).

⁴² Section 32, Electronic Commerce Act of 2000 (RA No. 8792).

⁴³ Section 94(f), Philippine Mining Act of 1995 (RA No. 7942).

⁴⁴ Section 1, Rule IX, DOT MC No. 2010-02 (Rules and Regulations to Govern, the Accreditation of Accommodation Establishments – Hotels, Resorts and Apartment Hotels); and Section 23, DOT MC No. 2015-06 (Revised Rules and Regulations to Govern the Accreditation of Travel and Tour Agencies).

- The fact that a covered transaction report to the Anti-Money Laundering Council (AMLC) has been made, the contents thereof, or any information in relation thereto;⁴⁵
- Information submitted to the Tariff Commission which is by nature confidential or submitted on a confidential basis;⁴⁶
- m. Certain information and reports submitted to the Insurance Commissioner pursuant to the *Insurance Code*;⁴⁷
- Information on registered cultural properties owned by private individuals;⁴⁸
- Data submitted by a higher education institution to the Commission on Higher Education (CHED),⁴⁹ and
- Any secret, valuable or proprietary information of a confidential character known to a public officer, or secrets of private individuals;⁵⁰
- Information of which a premature disclosure would:
 - a. in the case of a department, office or agency which agency regulates currencies, securities, commodities, or financial institutions, be likely to lead to significant financial speculation in currencies, securities, or commodities, or significantly endanger the stability of any financial institution; or
 - b. be likely or significantly frustrate implementation of a proposed official action, except such department, office or agency has already disclosed to the public the content or nature of its proposed action, or where the department, office or agency is required by law to make such disclosure on its own initiative prior to taking final official action on such proposal.⁵¹
- Records of proceedings or information from proceedings which, pursuant to law or relevant rules and regulations, are treated as confidential or privileged, including but not limited to the following:

⁴⁵ Section 9(c), Anti-Money Laundering Act of 2001, as amended. May be invoked by AMLC, government banks and its officers and employees.

⁴⁶ Section 10, Safeguard Measures Act.

⁴⁷ Section 297 in relation with Section 295 and Section 356, The Insurance Code (as amended by RA No. 10607).

⁴⁸ Section 14, National Cultural Heritage Act of 2009 (RA No. 10066).

⁴⁹ CHED Memorandum Order No. 015-13, 28 May 2013.

⁵⁰ Articles 229 and 230, Revised Penal Code; Section 3(k), Anti-Graft and Corrupt Practices Act (RA No. 3019); Section 7(c), Code of Conduct and Ethical Standards for Public Officials and Employees (RA No. 6713); Section 7, Exchange of Information on Tax Matters Act of 2009 (RA No. 10021); and Section 6.2, Securities Regulation Code (RA No. 8799).

⁵¹ Section 3(g), Rule IV, Rules on CCESPOE.

- Mediation and domestic or international arbitration proceedings, including records, evidence and the arbitral awards, pursuant to the Alternative Dispute Resolution Act of 2004;⁵²
- Matters involved in an Investor-State mediation;⁵³
- Information and statements made at conciliation proceedings under the Labor Code;⁵⁴
- d. Arbitration proceedings before the Construction Industry Arbitration Commission (CIAC),⁵⁵
- Results of examinations made by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on the operations, books and records of any corporation, and all interrogatories propounded by it and the answers thereto:⁵⁶
- Information related to investigations which are deemed confidential under the Securities Regulations Code;⁵⁷
- g. All proceedings prior to the issuance of a cease and desist order against pre-need companies by the Insurance Commission; ⁵⁸
- Information related to the assignment of the cases to the reviewing prosecutors or the undersecretaries in cases involving violations of the Comprehensive Dangerous Drugs Act of 2002;⁵⁹
- i. Investigation report and the supervision history of a probationer;60
- Those matters classified as confidential under the Human Security Act of 2007;⁶¹

⁵² Sections 9, 23 and 33, Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) Act of 2004 (RA No. 9285); and DOJ Circular No. 98 (s. 2009) or the IRR of the ADR Act.

⁵³ Article 10, International Bar Association Rules for Investor-State Mediation.

⁵⁴ Article 237, Labor Code.

⁵⁵ Section 7.1, Rule 7, CIAC Revised Rules of Procedure Governing Construction Arbitration.

Section 142, Corporation Code. May be invoked by the SEC and any other official authorized by law to make such examination.

⁵⁷ Sections 13.4, 15.4, 29.2 (b), and 64.2 of the Securities Regulation Code.

⁵⁸ Section 53(b)(1) of the Pre-Need Code of the Philippines. The confidentiality of the proceedings is lifted after the issuance of the cease and desist order.

⁵⁹ DOJ Department Circular No. 006-16 (No. 6), 10 February 2016.

⁶⁰ Section 17, Probation Law of 1976 [PD No. 968 (s.1976)].

⁶¹ Sections 9, 13, 14, 29, 33 and 34, Human Security Act of 2007 (RA No. 9372).

- Preliminary investigation proceedings before the committee on decorum and investigation of government agencies;⁶² and
- Those information deemed confidential or privileged pursuant to pertinent rules and regulations issued by the Supreme Court, such as information on disbarment proceedings, DNA profiles and results, or those ordered by courts to be kept confidential;⁶³
- Matters considered confidential under banking and finance laws and their amendatory laws, such as:
 - a. RA No. 1405 (Law on Secrecy of Bank Deposits);
 - b. RA No. 6426 (Foreign Currency Deposit Act of the Philippines) and relevant regulations;
 - c. RA No. 8791 (The General Banking Law of 2000);
 - d. RA No. 9160 (Anti-Money Laundering Act of 2001); and
 - e. RA No. 9510 (Credit Information System Act);
- Other exceptions to the right to information under laws, jurisprudence, rules and regulations, such as:
 - Those deemed confidential pursuant to treaties, executive agreements, other international agreements, or international proceedings, such as:
 - When the disclosure would prejudice legitimate commercial interest or competitive position of investor-states pursuant to investment agreements;⁶⁴
 - (2) Those deemed confidential or protected information pursuant to United Nations Commission on International Trade Law Rules on Transparency in Treaty-based Investor-State Arbitration and Arbitration Rules (UNCITRAL Transparency Rules);⁶⁵ and
 - (3) Refugee proceedings and documents under the 1951 Convention Relating to the Status of Refugees, as implemented by DOJ Circular No. 58 (s. 2012);

⁶² Section 14, Civil Service Commission Resolution No. 01-0940.

⁶³ Section 18, Rule 139-B and Section 24, Rule 130 of the Rules of Court; and Section 11 of the Rule on DNA Evidence, A.M. No. 06-11-5-SC.

⁶⁴ Examples: Article 20 (2), ASEAN Comprehensive Investment Agreement; Article 15 (2) Agreement on Investment under the Framework Agreement on the Comprehensive Economic Cooperation between the ASEAN and the Republic of India; and Article 15 (2) of the Agreement on Investment under the Framework Agreement on the Comprehensive Economic Cooperation among the Government of the Member Countries of the ASEAN and the Republic of Korea.

⁶⁵ Article 7, UNCITRAL Transparency Rules.

- Testimony from a government official, unless pursuant to a court or legal order;⁶⁶
- c. When the purpose for the request of Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Net Worth is any of the following:
 - (1) any purpose contrary to morals or public policy; or
 - (2) any commercial purpose other than by news and communications media for dissemination to the general public;⁶⁷
- d. Lists, abstracts, summaries of information requested when such lists, abstracts or summaries are not part of the duties of the government office requested;⁶⁸
- Those information and proceedings deemed confidential under rules and regulations issued by relevant government agencies or as decided by the courts;⁶⁹
- Requested information pertains to comments and disclosures on pending cases in judicial proceedings;⁷⁰ and
- g. Attorney-client privilege existing between government lawyers and their client.⁷¹

⁶⁶ Senate v. Neri, supra; Senate v. Ermita, supra.

⁶⁷ Section 8(D), Code of Conduct and Ethical Standards for Public Officials and Employees.

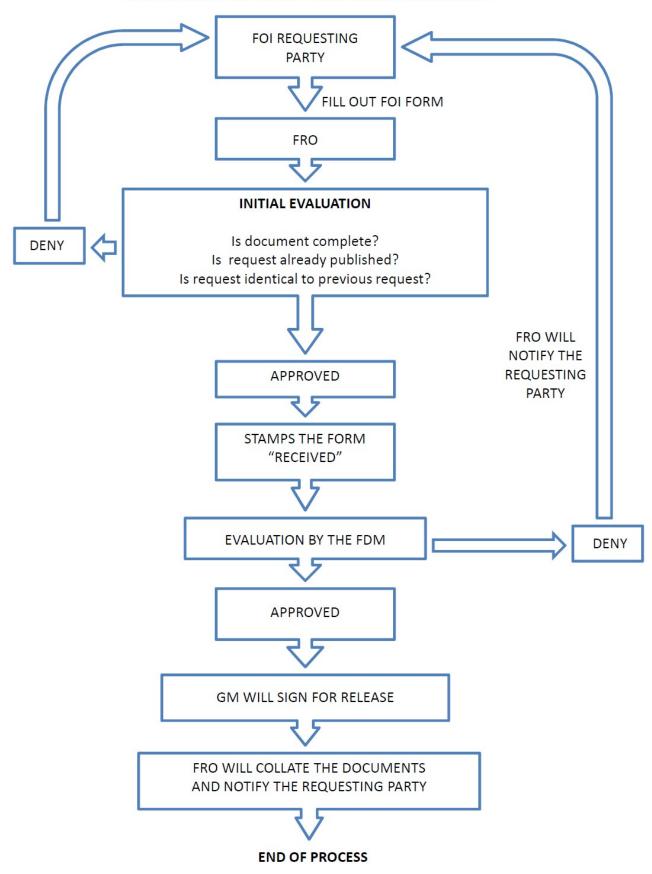
⁶⁸ Belgica v. Ochoa, G.R. No. 208566, 19 November 2013; and Valmonte v. Belmonte Jr., G.R. No. 74930, 13 February 1989, 252 Phil. 264.

Examples: 2012 Guidelines and Procedures in the Investigation and Monitoring of Human Rights Violations and Abuses and the Provision of CHR Assistance; Government Service Insurance System's Rules of Procedure of the Committee on Claims; National Labor Relations Commission Resolution No. 01-02, Amending Certain Provisions of the New Rules of Procedure of the National Labor Relations Commission, 08 March 2002; Department of Agrarian Reform MC No. 07-11, 19 July 2011; Department of Social Welfare and Development MC No. 021-12, 16 October 2012; and Section 42, Investment Company Act (RA No. 2629); When the information requested is not a matter of public concern or interest as decided in Hilado v. Judge Amor A. Reyes, G.R. No. 163155, 21 July 2006.

⁷⁰ Romero v. Guerzon, G.R. No. 211816, 18 March 2015.

⁷¹ Canon 21 of the Code of Professional Responsibility.

ANNEX C
STANDARD OPERATION PROCEDURE FLOWCHART



ANNEX D



ANGAT WATER DISTRICT

269 M.A. Fernando St. Sta. Cruz, Angat, Bulacan Tel. No. (044)671-1204; Fax No. (044)769-1529

PORMULARYO NG KAHILINGAN (FOI) FOI Request Form

Ana bahaaina ito ay pupunan na publiko

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LAYUNIN /		-
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TIRAHAN / (Address):		
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		1 Of Necciving Officer

ANNEX E

FOI OFFICERS AND CONTACT INFORMATION

FOI RECEIVING OFFICER – MILET C. ROVERO / (044) 671-1204 / (044) 769-1529

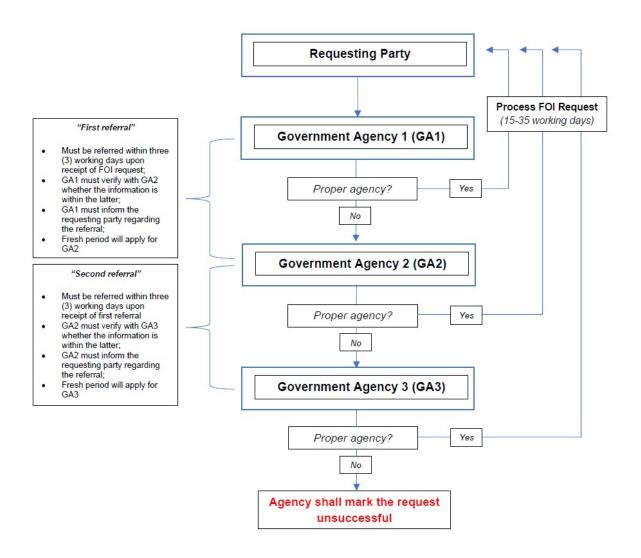
FOI DECISION MAKER – DORILYN C. DADOR / (044) 671-1204 / (044) 769-1529

GENERAL MANAGER – ARTURO S. TORRES / (044) 671-1204 / (044) 769-1529

FOI APPEALS AND REVIEW COMMITTEE

- 1. RUBIE BIANCA S. IGNACIO / (044) 671-1204 / (044) 769-1529
- 2. MA. CECILIA M. DE MESA / (044) 671-1204 / (044) 769-1529
- 3. NATHANIEL P. SALVADOR / (044) 671-1204 / (044) 769-1529

ANNEX F NO WRONG DOOR POLICY FLOWCHART



NOTE:

If GA1 fails to refer the request within three (3) working days upon its receipt, the FOI Receiving Officer (FRO) shall act on it within the remaining period to respond pursuant to EO No. 2, s. 2016. No fresh period shall apply.

Concurred by:

MILET C. ROVERO
Water Maintenance General Foreman

RUBIE BIANCA S. IGNACIO Division Manager B

NATHAMEL P. SALVADOR Water Maintenance Head DORILYN C. DADOR Division Manager B

MA. CECILIA M. DE MESA
Division Manager B

ARTURO S. TORRES General Manager

Approved by:

ENGR. PRANCISCO G. VICENTE

Chair

PRISCILLA P. RIGOROSO

Secretary

WILFREDO C. SANTOS

Member

ERLINDAW. CARPIO Member

LEONOR S. SARMIENTO

Member